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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/625,594	07/24/2003	Masahiro Chida	1131-0486P	7938
2292	7590 03/15/2005		EXAMINER	
BIRCH STE PO BOX 747	EWART KOLASCH &	ROGERS, DAVID A		
	RCH, VA 22040-0747	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2856	
			DATE MAILED: 03/15/200	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
10/625,594	CHIDA ET AL.	
Examiner	Art Unit	
David A. Rogers	2856	

--The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --THE REPLY FILED 26 January 2005 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE. 1. X The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to filing a Notice of Appeal. To avoid abandonment of this application, applicant must timely file one of the following replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit, or other evidence, which places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in compliance with 37 CFR 41.31; or (3) a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply must be filed within one of the following time periods: \square The period for reply expires $\underline{3}$ months from the mailing date of the final rejection. b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection. Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f). Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.136(a) and the appropriate extension fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the final rejection, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL 2. The reply was filed after the date of filing a Notice of Appeal, but prior to the date of filing an appeal brief. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in compliance with 37 CFR 41.37 must be filed within two months of the date of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal. Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed within the time period set forth in 37 CFR 41.37(a). **AMENDMENTS** 3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will not be entered because

(a)
(b) ☐ They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below);
(c) They are not deemed to place the application in better form for appeal by materially reducing or simplifying the issues fo
appeal; and/or
(d) They present additional claims without canceling a corresponding number of finally rejected claims.
NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121. See attached Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment (PTOL-324).
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):
6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be allowable if submitted in a separate, timely filed amendment canceling
the non-allowable claim(s).
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) will not be entered, or b) will be entered and an explanation on how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided below or appended.
The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:
Claim(s) allowed:
Claim(s) objected to:
Claim(s) rejected: 1-4.
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE
8. The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but before or on the date of filing a Notice of Appeal will not be entered
because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and sufficient reasons why the affidavit or other evidence is necessary

9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a Notice of Appeal, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will not be

11. 🔯 The request for reconsideration has been considered but does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because:

showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1).

10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation of the status of the claims after entry is below or attached.

12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/SB/08 or PTO-1449) Paper No(s). _

entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to overcome all rejections under appeal and/or appellant fails to provide a

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-303 (Rev. 9-04)

See next page.

13. Other: ____.

and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).

REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER

Continuation of 11:

Applicant argues that their claimed method is different from "headspace" sampling. However, applicant's method/apparatus inherently samples the headspace of their enclosure with the sample. Applicant claims a sample vessel containing a solid sample. The applicant's sample vessel inherently comprises a headspace, which the applicant fills with inert gas. Over time, when the sample is held at a constant temperature, the headspace in the applicant's vessel will reach equilibrium. That is, liquids in the sample will vaporize and enter the vessel's headspace at the same rate that vapors will re-enter a liquid state.

When a depressurized sampler is attached the contents of the headspace will be forced into the sampler due to the pressure differential. Liquids in the sample will also evaporate due to the drop in pressure in the sample vessels's headspace. See "Vapor Pressure" to Wikipedia. These evaporated materials will be drawn into the sampler until pressure equilibrium is reached.

By adapting the sampling process/apparatus of White (teaching a sample vessel containing a solid sample and a headspace region filled with inert gas) to utilize a vacuum sampler (see Krueger and the taught benefits) any liquids in the sample of White will inherently "evaporate" and be drawn into the sampler along with any headspace vapors.

The prior art and the applicant's claims are performing the same function.

HEZRON WILLIAMS
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

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